

Castro Forces Coached In Guerrilla War Tactics By Spanish Civil War Aide

By FRANCIS McCARTHY
United Press Staff Correspondent

Guerrilla war tactics being employed by rebel troops in the Sierra Maestra mountains are those first employed in the Spanish civil war, and the Cuban revolutionaries are being coached in their use, a high police official told United Press today.

The officer who asked anonymously said that precise instructions as to how his campaign should be conducted have been outlined to Fidel Castro, leader of the 26th of July insurrectional movement, by Alberto Bayo, a former colonel in the Spanish Loyalist forces.

Bayo, a resident of Mexico City, is presently in New York City. The police officer said that one of two couriers he sent into Cuba to contact Castro had been intercepted by Cuban authorities and his written suggestions seized.

The police official said that Bayo made the following principal points to Castro: (A) Never use more than a dozen men in any attack; (B) Hit hard and run—never present battle; (C) Never personally lead an attack—"you have done enough already," the letter said; (D) transmit all orders by mimeographs, and (E) "should your cause triumph, do not make the mistake of leading your forces in a victory parade in Havana—remember Sandino."

Asked to comment on reports published abroad that rebel elements have "repeatedly threatened" the life of U.S. Ambassador Arthur Gardner, the police official disclosed that the American diplomat has been receiving special police protection since March. In that month, he recalled, Federal Bureau of Investigation agents in Miami received unconfirmed reports that the ambassador was to be "kidnapped", and the information was relayed to Cuban authorities for their information and report.

Since then a prowler car has been assigned to the Ambassador in his travels about the city, and the guard at his residence reinforced, the officer said. The reported threat against the American envoy was the second in as many years, the police official disclosed.

In 1955, he reported, Cuban intelligence agents relayed to embassy officers a report intercepted in Miami detailing an alleged plot to "seize" the embassy in Havana, seal off its fifth floor (where principal offices are located) and hold the ambassador and his counselors "to force intervention by United States authorities" in the political situation of Cuba.

The Cuban police official said that neither report was regarded too seriously but that the necessary precautions were taken. He described these threats as indicative of an anti-American attitude by revolutionary elements and pointed out that two American subsidiaries in Cuba, the electric and telephone companies, have long been targets of terrorist activities in Havana.

Cuban intelligence agents are closely watching rebel movements both in Cuba and abroad, the police official disclosed.

He disclosed, for example, that local authorities have since learned that the yacht "Corinthia," captured two weeks ago when it was abandoned by some expeditionaries in Nipe Bay, Oriente, sailed from a North River Drive anchorage in Miami. Employees of the two fish markets flanking the yacht's anchorage, many of them Cuban rebel sympathizers, aided in its secret departure, he said.

The is no action that ex-President Carlos Prío Socarrás takes in his Miami exile that is not observed and reported to Cuba, he said.

Asked how it was possible the three American youths who ran away from their Guantánamo naval base homes reached the Castro forces in safety, he said that a hotel registry in Manzanillo disclosed the trio had spent two night there under the guise of "miners" before proceeding to join Castro agents nearby who guided them to the rebel hideout.

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Dow Jones 11 a. m. stock averages.

30 Inds.	503.21
20 Rails	144.99
15 Utils	73.69