

THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

Volunteers Demand Vigorous Action. Alarm in Havana. Dulce Stands Firm. Commercial Interests Depressed. A Stir at Bayamo.

HAVANA, Feb. 22.—The seventh battalion of volunteers which forms a portion of the present garrison of the city, sent a deputation to the Captain General and demanded that vigorous measures be resorted to against the rebellion, to save the island. When relieved of duty during the day, the soldiers of the battalion shouted "Death to traitors," "Viva espera." These demonstrations caused great agitations, which however subsided toward evening.

To day the excitement was renewed. The volunteers sent another committee to the Captain General to reiterate their demand for severe measures. General Dulce replied firmly that he could not permit any interference with political or military plans of the government. The Captain General has resolved to effect pacification on the island within the limits of the law, and in this determination he stands firm. The volunteers demand that those revolutionists who were arrested during the late riots, and whom they call assassins, be immediately put to death.

General Dulce replied that the courts must first try these prisoners. He declares that he counts on the indorsement and aid of Spain, and on the sympathy and moral aid of the United States, because he intends to act in accordance with law; and he believes, as a matter of policy, that precipitate action in the existing state of affairs would be highly imprudent. He is determined, if it becomes necessary, to repel force by force, although he would regret shedding fraternal blood.

Commercial interests have suffered greatly through the alarm created by the violent proceedings of the volunteers, and to-day business is at a stand still, paralyzed by fears which agitate the city. Reinforcements from Spain continue to arrive; yesterday 1200 regular troops landed.

Official reports state that organized forces of rebels in the central department are disbanding, and the rebels there are presenting themselves in large numbers to the authorities to receive pardon.

The insurrection at Sagua la Grande, in the vicinity of Trinidad, is ended.

The Spaniards taken prisoners by the rebels at Bayamo were liberated, and have arrived in Havana.

Udacta, late Governor of Bayamo, is under arrest in this city, and is to be tried by court martial on charges connected with the circumstances of the surrender of his post to the rebels.