

LATEST-FROM CUBA

Progress of the Revolution

REPORTS FROM GOVERNMENT SOURCES

Rebels Approaching Remedios

THE REVOLUTIONISTS THREATENING TRINIDAD

Watching the Peruvian Monitors

HAVANA, Feb. 20.—The government has received information of the surrender of one hundred revolutionists, near Colon, and of the death of their leader, Jose Guerra, formerly district attorney. The revolution in the districts of Colon, Jaguay, and Grande is now considered as ended. The information which was recently received to the effect that the revolutionists were surrounded in the Conejo Mountains, is fully confirmed.

The amount of bullion in the savings bank since Castello first became President, has diminished \$700,000.

The government authorities to day seized an insurrectionary proclamation calling upon the negroes to rise in rebellion. The authors of this document are in prison.

Steps have been taken to watch the Peruvian monitors at Key West, as the Cubans think they are intended to attack Havana.

Porfirio Diaz has been appointed Governor of the new State of Morelos.

HAVANA, Feb. 19.—The next steamship expected from Mexico will have on board \$1,000,000.

Senator Henderson, of Missouri, and his party, left for the United States to day.

An American, named Dudley, who attempted to leave without a passport, was detained by the authorities.

The banks report large gold receipts, which are making the market easier.

The *Diario* says the insurgent chiefs in the jurisdiction of Colon have surrendered.

Advices from Trinidad report several encounters in that vicinity. Colonel Schmidt, leading the insurgent forces, was wounded, and six Mexicans and three others were killed. The forces defending Puerto Principe number one thousand men.

The *Prensa* says that the insurgents have been totally defeated near Villa Clara, and considers the insurrection ended in that part of the island.

The time mentioned in the proclamation of Lerundi, granting amnesty to all rebels who would lay down their arms and submit to the government, has expired. Another proclamation has been issued still offering forgiveness to all those who will leave the insurgent cause, excepting the leaders and those convicted of crime.

HAVANA, Feb. 20.—At a meeting of merchants of this city, at the palace, it was unanimously resolved to guarantee the issue of \$8,000,000 in paper by the "Banco," the notes to be declared a legal tender by the Governor General. Dulce has requested the acting consul here to furnish him with a list of American residents.

HAVANA, Feb. 20.—Sugar firm and advancing: Nos. 10 to 12, D. S. $9\frac{1}{4}$ @ $10\frac{1}{4}$ reals; Nos. 15 to 20, at $10\frac{1}{4}$ @ $11\frac{1}{4}$ reals. Stock in warehouses in Havana and matanzas, 135,000 boxes and 11,000 hhd. Molasses sugar firm at 7@8 reals. Muscovadoes firm. Inferior to common refining, $7\frac{1}{2}$ @ $8\frac{1}{2}$; fair to good refining, $8\frac{1}{2}$ @ $9\frac{1}{4}$; grocery grades firm at $10\frac{1}{4}$ @ $10\frac{1}{2}$. Molasses advancing; clayed, $5\frac{1}{4}$ @ $5\frac{1}{2}$ reals; Muscovado or common, $6\frac{1}{4}$ @ $7\frac{1}{4}$. Lard firm at $22\frac{1}{4}$ @ $23\frac{1}{4}$. Flour quiet at \$11.75. Butter active at 37c. Bacon advancing; sides at $18\frac{1}{4}$. Honey firm at $4\frac{1}{4}$ reals. Wax dull; yellow, \$7@8; white, \$10@10.50. Tallow dull at \$9.12@9.75. Petroleum active at $4\frac{1}{4}$ reals @ gallon, in bbls., and $5\frac{1}{4}$ reals, in kegs. Hams in demand at 19c. for common salted, and 23c. for sugar cured. Lumber dull. Shooks lower. Market well supplied. Hoops plenty. Freights higher. Box Sugar to Northern and Southern ports, \$2@2.12 $\frac{1}{2}$. Libl. Sugar, \$7.50@8.50. Molasses @ hhd., \$4@4.75.

Exchange on London, 14@14 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. On Paris, 2@2c. premium. On the United States, 60 days, gold, $81\frac{1}{4}$ @84c. premium; sight, 6@8c.; 60 days, currency, 21@23c. discount; short sight, 22@21c. discount.

Public Sentiment in Cienfuegos—The Outbreak and Its Leaders—Difficulty in Procuring Arms.

The following extract from a private letter, written on the 10th inst., in Cienfuegos, gives a vivid picture of the condition of affairs in that portion of Cuba, and some interesting particulars of the recent outbreak there—

Knowing with what anxiety you await reliable information concerning the state of things in this island, I will endeavor, as briefly as possible, to inform you of the current events.

Cienfuegos, Sagua, Villa Clara, Trinidad, Remedios, Colon and Cardenas are in arms. Our men have taken possession of Cumanayagua, Camarones, Ciego de Avila and other military districts, but the strictest order is preserved and private property respected. Our cry is, "Liberty, and down with despotism." The fields are covered with insurgents. Villa Clara is full of barricades, and they are being constructed here with all possible speed. The excitement is intense.

The Spanish grocers have all the power in their hands and cry for the blood of Cubans, whose only crime is their having been born here. They tell us not to think of liberty which we are never to enjoy, but to prepare ourselves, like our slaves, to receive lashes from the all-merciful hands of the Spanish government. The Spaniards parade the streets calling us by the most abusive and insulting epithets. The city is more like a camp than anything else. All the Spaniards are well armed, but it is impossible for the Cubans to obtain a single weapon, as the stores are owned by Spaniards, who very naturally will not sell them to us. They insult us to our faces, leaving us the alternative either of shouting "Long live Spain," and "Death to Cuba," or of meeting instant death.

Arrests are being made day and night without an order from the authorities, these being entirely powerless. The Spaniards are headed by Lombo, Garcia (the Moor), Quintanilla, Luis Arrobarena, and others of the same stamp.

Do not believe that I exaggerate. It is all too true, and I believe the island is ruined.

Don Luis de Arredondo, at the head of 1000 men, is in quiet possession of Cumanayagua. Don Juan Diaz Villegas, with 2000 men, is in possession of Camarones. Don Juan Jimenez, owner of the plantation Destino; Don Leandro del Junco and his son Luis, Garceran, Cayo (the lawyer), and Adolph Cabades, an ex-colonel of the Federal Army and Consul of the United States, who has gone over to the insurgents with the captains of four American vessels and their crews, now at anchor in this port; Juan Martinez del Valle and others are the principal leaders of our forces.

These influential men have induced more than ninety per cent. of the inhabitants of the jurisdiction of Cienfuegos to follow them. You may form an idea of the scarcity of money here when I tell you that we consider ourselves lucky if we can let our furnished houses free of rent to persons who promise to take good care of them for us. Families are emigrating to New Orleans, Jamaica, Curacao and Cartagena, and even to New York, notwithstanding the rigor of the season. I consider myself a ruined man, but I am willing to sacrifice all to have the satisfaction of seeing my country rid of the Spanish yoke.