

**LATEST NEWS AND RUMORS.**  
NEWS FROM SANTIAGO—THE FILIBUSTERS—RE-  
PORTED DEATH OF COL. TINKER.

It was reported that Col. Tincker, who commanded

citizens of Havana will go to Porto Rico and meet Gen. Caballero de Rodas, who sails to-day from Madrid, and escort him to this city.

## ▲ NEW PHASE IN GURON AFFAIRS—WILL OUR

Nothing, ammunition, and arms. So great is the activity of the Cubans now in this country, and so confident are they of speedy success, that no efforts are

now made to furnish special information, as was formerly the case, to those in this city who have

Necessary, to wait the command of Godrich, notwithstanding his threats to order him to be shot. "By God, he could not do that," said the general. "He retired until the next morning, 21st inst., when he called for the colonels, officers and sergeants of each battalion. On their appearance in the parlor of the palace he asked them what they wanted. After a minute's silence one of the officers of the artillery corps replied: "Our desire is that you should at once resign the command." Dulce said he would consult the Provisional Government, and report within 48 hours. The officer objected thus: "General, that will not satisfy the 1,000 men under arms since last evening. If we give you such an answer, they will come here and compel you to resign by force if necessary, whereas, if we carry the intelligence of your acquiescence to their wishes, none of them will move." Gen. Dulce then told them, in a dignified manner, "When I arrived in this island I found it in a blaze. In leaving it to-day I consider it lost to the mother country, precisely through the same process that caused the loss of our other possessions in America. You proclaim the independence of the island the moment you decline submission to the lawful representative of the National Government. You may retire."

Shortly after the resignation was made to Girones Capitan, the Segundo Cabo, and Dulce is preparing to leave the Cayas and the San Juan Guipusaca. "I had hoped," says an informant, "that the decision to Rafael Clavigo, because such was the desire of the volunteers. They, however, accepted the Se-

The Jagers precipitated themselves into this by the declaration of their favorite General, Lerundi, who informed them that at the time Primm and Serrano were in exile they had solicited of the principal natives of the island \$60,000,000, to help their conspiracy against the Queen Isabella, which they received under the following conditions: In case of success at Alcala, a sum of money would be given to the Island. In case of failure, the master they would come to the Island with the

to believe I reported you the departure for Spain of Don Mena, who had maintained himself two months within the walls of Puerto Principe, with 600 men, and a population in a state of starvation. His opposition to a particular friend of his, before leaving, was that he had not sufficient means, either in the island or in Spain, to prevent the progress of the troops, with their system of warfare. He said that the greatest aid from the States would drive them fast forward, and that they all desired annexation. Here I announced, gaining ground considerably with our auditors. They consider what is going on as mere unaccomplishments, led by ambitious men who have

armed mob. They say the majority would vote annexation should the matter be submitted to a referendum. The Bishop has been arrested by the volunteers.

ICE LEAKS ON THE GIBBEROOL INQUIRY TO

It is said to the prejudice of his private character that he uttered, time and again, by some same people, the words, "I am a Jew," and that he was a man of proper notions of society, and who gave little regard for decency, such conduct would have been deserved contempt, but to those revilers nothing is too low for him. Gen. Dure has long been known as a man of high character, and of high social position, and has proven that he was exceedingly strong-minded; and the insinuations made against him in this connection are well understood to be gratuitous and unfounded.

...but Junta have been held, and another large one is to be held at the Theatre Espana on Sunday next, for the purpose of discussing the question of the future of the country more fully, looking to the government of the island and the Spanish people. The Junta of the 10th inst. are to be dissolved, and a new one is to be formed, and the meetings are to be held in public, and secret, yet enough is known to indicate the desire to form correct opinions as to what really really is the situation of the country, and to what is the best course to be pursued. The Junta of the 10th inst. are to be dissolved, and a new one is to be formed, and the meetings are to be held in public, and secret, yet enough is known to indicate the desire to form correct opinions as to what really really is the situation of the country, and to what is the best course to be pursued. The Junta of the 10th inst. are to be dissolved, and a new one is to be formed, and the meetings are to be held in public, and secret, yet enough is known to indicate the desire to form correct opinions as to what really really is the situation of the country, and to what is the best course to be pursued.

The course of *La Voz de Cuba* has provoked much criticism. It started out as a Liberal paper, but has done more to excite the volunteers against the Dulce Gobierno than all the other journals in the island put together. That is, that is the danger of the paper, says the director. "To carry us all to hell!" responds the interrobator. In short, many good, well-meaning Spaniards believe, silly as it may seem, that the conductor of that paper is now, and has been all the while, working, in an indirect way, to break down the Spanish Government in Cuba. One thing is certain—that if the director

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ment troops. They were relatives of Gen. Figueroa, *ladinos* (treason). The insurgents have destroyed their troops between Puerto Pedernales and San Juan. The names of the rebels are: Perillat, Marmol, Bernabeta, Marciano, Macco, and others. The General-in-Chief, Quesada, were all together. The Spaniards had in that region about 3,000 men. The news from Manzantillo is that the people have returned to work. Some 25 miles thence, a fight occurred between Diaz and other insurgent officers and the Spanish General. The latter was killed. The advantage was gained by the latter, although the General claims the advantage. But few men were engaged either side. At and near Bayamo, Yalmaseda has

TER FROM AN AMATEUR FIGHTER IN THE  
CUBAN ARMY—GLOOMY STATE OF AFFAIRS  
IN THE DEPARTMENT OF SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

[FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.]

ANTIAGO DE CUBA, May 29.—This jurisdiction is occupied by the military; there is not a point of any importance which has not a detachment of Spanish troops, armed with the Remington and Peabody rifles. They are unable to leave their trenches without being shot at, and suffer daily heavy losses in killed and wounded, and, what is more, a demoralization which cannot be described. When I came to this city, I wished to learn something relative to the burning of estates, however slight interest in the matter on account of a conflict I had made. The destruction is terrible. The movements of Velasco and Lopez Camara have likewise

attached with great destruction or fruit, castles; but the serpent was not to be deceived. Verily, in every direction may be seen the tail of the serpent!

On the 20th I recently met with a severe route to place called Palma Sorrento, where they were beauteous and fertile, and, knowing whatever might lead to ensue in the future, in their direction, I was not surprised to find a great number of things which they had been plundering from the country, and which they had been carrying off, with any possibility have carried along with them. They are greatly alarmed at the discommodities of the country, and the war, and the loss of the coast. If by good fortune a Cuban cruiser or so could come along, how many an old tub would go down and how many a life be saved!

On two occasions of late we fought with the Cubans. On the 20th, we killed 30 men, took three horses and a mule, and a great deal of baggage, including arms and with bread, peas, salt, candles, 14 blankets, and a great deal of other things. We were very much surprised to know how they went up a hill! As swift as water. If our men was killed, another was wounded. My men were very much surprised to see the Cubans so quick. I could find another that would do; but I did not find one for two days. We had no other accidents, and the only one was a small one.

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direct the entire machinery of government. There was presented two Governments to the world ; one constituted as a republic, and with all the regimiste forms sanctioned by the public laws, and the other that one is described above. Which is to be preferred ? The answer should not be vacillating. The matter is grave ; serious affair. It should be resolved immediately. Mr. Fish, looking at the matter in this light, urged, to-day, to the President to recognize that Government in Cuba which now is the only legitimate one, the one which is called the "Cespedes". And as the Spanish authority calumniates it, it is only right that the American Government should lend its countenance to that one which has the stamp of legitimacy."

L. T. Z.