

CUBA.

Examination of the Supposed Cuban Filibusters—No Case Made Out Against Them—They Are All Set at Liberty.

BOSTON, Sept. 18, 1862.
The examination of the alleged filibusters, recently captured off New Bedford, was held to-day before Commissioner Hallett. The testimony was given that most of the men were shipped from Boston, ostensibly for New Bedford whaling ships. Captain Alonzo Daggett, of the schooner *Penckese*, testified to a bargain made for carrying a party of excursionists to No Man's Land. They were carried for fifty dollars, and he received the stipulated amount from a person whom he thought he could not now recognize, but was confident it was not either of the defendants. Nothing was said about the destination of the party further than No Man's Land.

Lawrence Crinnell, Collector of New Bedford, testified to the pursuit and capture of the party.

The examination resulted in the discharge of all the party, the evidence failing to sustain the complaint of an attempted violation of the neutrality laws.

Another Alleged Cuban Expedition from Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 18, 1862.

The *Boston Daily Advertiser* learns from a gentleman just arrived from Martha's Vineyard that a party of Gay Head Indians went off yesterday to a steamer lying about two miles from land, and found her to be an iron-clad war vessel, carrying eighteen steel guns. They fraternized with the steward steamer, and on reaching shore reported that she was a Cuban privateer, and that they saw between decks a large body of men—the steward saying there were three hundred. The steward also said her armor plating was four inches thick. A large schooner was lying alongside, the steamer meanwhile throwing off large volumes of smoke, as if to conceal the schooner. The steamer is thought to be of at least 1,500 tons.

Detention of a Suspected Schooner at Matanzas.

HAVANA, Sept. 18, 1862.

The schooner *B. C. Dyer*, from New York for Texas, put into the harbor of Matanzas in distress. She was detained by the authorities on suspicion of being a filibustering craft, but has since been released at the intercession of the American Consul.

The "Spanish Victory" at Las Tunas.

HAVANA, Sept. 18, 1862.

Captain General de Rodas has issued an order changing the name of the town Las Tunas to Victoria de Las Tunas, in commemoration of the "recent Spanish victory" over the rebels at that place.

Havana Financial and Commercial Markets.

HAVANA, Sept. 17, 1862.

Sugars have an advancing tendency. Exchange firmer, rates tending upward.