

SPAIN.

The Relations of Spain and Cuba from an English Point of View.

LONDON, August 10, 1862.

The *Times*, in an article on the relations of Spain and Cuba, says:—"Between the military punctilio of the former and the patriotic fanaticism of the latter the interests of both are likely to suffer, especially when the questions at issue should be brought under the control of sound reason and their discussion kept free from the influences of impulse and passion. If it can be proven that the separation of the colony from the mother country is unavoidable and not a remote contingency, it seems the height of madness to carry on hostilities fraught with ruin to either side. After reviewing the revolution in Spain, the writer continues:—Improvident and helpless as Marshal Prim's government may be, it can safely be proclaimed the best Spain could have under the present circumstances. Its chances of improvement lie in the power of directing its energies to domestic organization and reform, undisturbed by foreign or colonial complications. Strip the government of its best troops for distant expeditions; drain the resources of the country for an internecine struggle with a kindred race; then tell us whether any amount of genius, character or good will can raise members of the government to a level with the difficulties of the situation. After

inquiring into the causes of the rising in Cuba the Times says the most fanatical of the opposition are well aware that Spain can only temporarily crush the rebellious spirit in the colony. Were Spain quit of the colony without compensation thanksgivings for happy ridance might well be sung throughout the peninsula. But if a large sum of money is received into the bargain Spaniards cannot be too thankful. The last French campaign in Mexico ought to have made it manifest that there is neither honor nor profit to gain for the Powers of the old Continent by meddling with the affairs of the new.

A Formidable Carlist Movement Contemplated.

PARIS, August 10, 1869.

The *Paris* says large bands, composed of officers and soldiers and members of the clerical party, have assembled in the northern districts of Spain. They are well armed and organized. It is reported that a great Carlist demonstration has been fixed for the 15th inst.

Fresh Carlist Troubles Brewing.

MADRID, August, 10 1869.

The Spanish Consul at Bayonne telegraphs that the Carlists are gathering again on the frontier and intend to make an irruption into Spain to-morrow. The government is fully prepared to meet them all along the line. All the Carlist bands now in the country are seeking refuge in the mountains.