

CUBA.

**Another Case of the Volunteer Ferocity—
The Outrage in British Waters Confirmed—
Movements of United States War Vessels—
Mexicans Compelled to Leave—A Peruvian
Monitor at Great Inagua—Colored Volun-
teers Mobilizing.**

HAVANA, April 3, 1869.

The court of Matanzas having absolved a Cuban, suspected of sympathy with the rebellion, of the charges brought against him, he was released, and, on finding his life in danger, concealed himself on board of an American vessel. He was, however, seized by the volunteers, and the Governor sent him to this city with an escort of soldiers. A party of volunteers came from Matanzas and demanded his surrender, but Captain General Dulce has refused to comply with their demand. Several interviews were had with General Dulce, and finally Colonels Herrera and Rizo were appointed to visit Matanzas and settle the matter with the volunteers.

The British war vessel Heron has returned from Ragged Island. She brings confirmatory information of the charge made against the Spanish naval officers in the matter of the schooner Mary Lowell, recently seized by them.

The sloop Sera has returned.

The United States steamer Narraganset is here. The flagship Contoocook has gone on a cruise along the coast. She will be absent only temporarily.

Despatches for Rear Admiral Hoff have reached here from Key West by the schooner Florida.

The Prussian vessel Niobe has arrived here from Jamaica with several Mexican officers on board. They have been compelled to leave, and were given passports on condition that they returned to Mexico.

Intelligence from Great Inagua reports that one of the Peruvian monitors is there.

The colored volunteers are mobilizing and organizing under white officers.

**Return of a Prisoner to Matanzas for Trial—
The Steamship Comanditario not at Nassau—
She Receives Arms and Ammunition off the
Bahamas.**

HAVANA, April 3, 1869.

A committee arrived here last evening from Matanzas for the purpose of demanding the person of an important State prisoner, who had been sent here by the Governor of Matanzas. According to the committee's request, the prisoner will be returned to the authorities of Matanzas for trial.

The *Prensa*, yesterday, said that the steamer Comanditario, which was captured by the Cubans, was supplied with coal, guns, ammunition, &c., off the Bahamas, and did not enter the harbor of Nassau at all.

Sugar is quiet at previous prices. Exchange, unchanged.

**Negro Regiments Organizing—Skirmish in the
Central Department—Sudden Departure of
the Contoocook—Reported Destruction of the
Sagua la Grande Railroad.**

HAVANA, April 3, 1869.

Colonel Yoller is organizing a battalion of free blacks for active service by permission of the government. It is understood that more battalions will be organized shortly.

A skirmish took place between the insurgents and the government troops while the latter were conveying provisions from Santa Cruz and Puerto Principe. The result is unknown.

The United States steamer Contoocook sailed unexpectedly to-day.

The *Voz de Cuba* approves of the organization of colored regiments, and adds that the colored people favor Spain and have always repelled the offers made by the insurgents.

It is reported that the insurgents have destroyed a portion of the Sagua la Grande Railroad.
