

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

FROM

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

THE REVOLUTION IN CUBA.

Peruvian Monitors in the Service of the Insurgents.

The Seizure of a British Schooner by a Spanish War Vessel.

Two Cubans Captured on Board and Slain.

The New Spanish Loan Voted by the Cortes.

Dissolution of the Greek Chambers.

CUBA.

A British Vessel Captured—Two of Her Passengers Shot—A Man-of-War Sent to Look After British Interests—Expeditions Landing—News from the Seat of War.

HAVANA, March 30, 1869.

The British Consul has sent her Britannic Majesty's steamer Heron to Calbarien to investigate the affair of the British schooner Jeff Davis.

This vessel was captured in the old Bahama Channel and brought into Calbarien because she had on board as passengers five Cubans, white and colored, who were endeavoring to reach Nassau. On arriving the passengers were at once brought on shore and their landing was soon known. Two of them, Francisco M. Jimenez and Rafael Falero, were persons of standing and wealth. They were surrounded by a mob of volunteers, and, in the presence of the women and children of their own families, were taken from the guard of marines who had them in charge and put to death in the street under a promiscuous attack with guns, pistols, bayonets and knives. Even after they were dead the volunteers amused themselves by sticking their bayonets into the lifeless bodies. When tired of this bloody pastime they searched the bodies, and finding a bag full of ounces, greeted the discovery with cries of "*Fira Espana!*" The only crime of these two victims was merely that of trying to escape from being sent to the island of Fernando Po, which has fallen to the lot of all Cubans of any standing.

The captain and crew of the Jeff Davis are still in prison at Calbarien.

The British Consul is expecting a fleet of several vessels, which have been ordered to cruise in the Bahama waters.

On the same day two Cubans were shot at Calbarien for being bearers of rebel correspondence.

There are said to be 3,000 insurgents in Sagua la Chica, and the Spaniards fire every sugar plantation as they leave it and then lay the blame on the insurgent forces.

Two steamers and two schooners with men and arms are reported to have landed near Cape Mayal.

Advices from Santiago of the 26th state that the copper mines at Cobre have been again abandoned in consequence of the presence of insurgents in the vicinity.

A report was current in Santiago that the steamer Cricket, with two schooners, had landed an expedition at a port on the north coast.

Colonel Lopez Camara had returned to Santiago from Mayal.

Advices from Nuevitas of the 25th state that the insurgents in that vicinity continue very active. The government has reoccupied Manati and proposes to open communication with Las Tunas.