ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

PELEGRAPH

THE REVOLUTION IN CUBA. Seizure of a Steamship by

Cuban Passengers. THE CIVIL WAR IN HAYTI.

CRITICAL SITUATION OF SALNAVE.

Wreck of the Steamship Her-

man in the Pacific.

A Number of Japanese Troops Lost by the Disaster.

The Duke of Montpensier and the Spanish Throne.

CUBA

The Reported Heavy Battle in the Central Department Denied—Only a Skirmish—Arrival of the Contoccock at Havans.

The report published here a few days ago that heavy buttle had been fought between the government troops, under General Puello, and insurgents in the Eastern Department, at some point on the road from Remedios to Moron, is untrue. Theen-agament was only a slight skirmish between the troops of General Puello and 800 insurgents.

The United States flagship Contococok, Admiral

The United States flagship Contoo

Wreck of a Schooner-Passengers Take Possession of a Steamer and Proceed to Nassan.

HAVAM, March 23, 1869,
The schooner Virginia Price, from Manazaillis for New York, with lumber, was wrecked Saturday on the Jardin-lias Reefs and became a total loss. The crew were saved.

The steamer Communitario, the regular packet between Havans and Cardenas, left this port on True-day evening last for her regular trip to Cardenas, carrying about forty passengers. Nothing was heard of the steamer afterwards until to-day, and fears were entertained to here. carrying about forty passengers. Nothing was heard of the steamer afterwards until to-day, and fears of the steamer afterwards until to-day, and fears of the steamer afterwards until to-day, and rear to-day, and the steamer afterwards the steamer afterwards to the steamer, who had lately been prisoners in Fort Cabanas, threatened the crew, took possession of the steamer and disembarted took passession of the steamer and disembarted had passengers, a portion of the crew and the capital at Roques Key, near Cardenas. The Comanditation then proceeded, it is supposed, to Nassay, N.P. The disembarked crew and passengers were subsequently taken up at Roques Key and carried to Cardenas.

Cardenas.

Whereabouts of the Captured Steamer—A Spanish War Yessel Gone in Fursult—A New Governor of Trioldad Appointed—A Cuban Traitor—Ekiralisha, March 27, 1889.

The steamer Comanditario, which was lately taken possession of by her passengers, carried but one day's supply of coal. Vessels which arrived here to day's sopply of coal. Vessels which arrived here to day's sopply of coal. Vessels which arrived here to day's sopple of coal. Vessels which arrived here to day's sopple of coal. Vessels write her anchored of the Banama banks, 100 miles from Xassan. A Spanish mano-fwar has gone in pursuit of her. Captain General Duice has appointed Minano Governor of Triuldad, in place of Patimo.

Intelligence received from Sagua is to the effect that a party of young Cubans had organized themselves into a military company with the intention of joining the insurgents. They were betrayed, however, by one of their number, and all, including Meduro, the reputed leader, impressed.

The Havana journals publish despatches from all parts of the Island. The news received is favorable to the government. Reports of several strimishes between the troops and insurgents have been received.

betwee bark Cuba s rrived here to

Guaboat Gone to Intercept an Expedition From Nassau—The Peruvian Monitor at Puerto Naraujo.

Puerto Naraujo. HAYANA, March 27, 1899,
The steamer Comercio has been armed and fitted out as a gunboas, and to-day salled from Cardenas to intercept an expedition expected from Nassan.
The Peruvian monitor remained four days at Puerto Naraujo, lour leagues from Gibara, during which time the crew were engaged in cutting wood for the purpose of supplying steam.
The bark Stover arrived to-day from New York.

Arrival of More Troops at Havana. Havana, March 27, 1899, Five hundred soldlers have arrived here fro Spain to reiniorce the Spanish army on the island.