

# TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

FROM

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

## THE RIOTS IN HAVANA.

### Conciliatory Address of Captain General Dulce.

### Shooting of Insurgent Prisoners at Trinidad.

### Landing of Another American Filibustering Expedition.

### Henningsen, of Nicaragua, the Leader.

## DEFEAT OF SALNAVE IN HAYTI.

### CUBA.

#### A Cuban Court Martialed and Shot for Uttering Seditious Cries—The Volunteers Again Unruly—Address of the Captain General.

HAVANA, March 22, 1869.

The sailing of the expedition with the Cuban political prisoners on board, escorted by the Spanish war steamer *Lealtad*, which took place yesterday, gave rise to intense excitement in this city, and demonstrations of disloyalty were made in the shape of seditious cries and expressions of sympathy for the involuntary exiles.

A Cuban, laboring under great excitement, made himself conspicuous by his shouting "Viva Cespedes," "Libre Cuba," and other expressions of animosity towards the Spanish government. He was arrested, promptly court martialed, sentenced to death and shot at dusk in the evening.

A sentinel shot and instantly killed a police commissary named Romero, and the volunteers shot a Spaniard and a negro.

Captain General Dulce visited the barracks and quieted the volunteers who had become enraged by the demonstrations of disloyalty and desired to glut their vengeance upon the populace.

Captain General Dulce yesterday issued a proclamation, addressed to the citizens of Havana, in which he refers to the events of the day before. He says his promises of maintaining order and justice have been observed; the man who had just been executed was probably instigated by others to create a disturbance, and it was necessary to act in his case with exemplary severity; at this very moment the government was leniently sending out of the country more astute but equally culpable men. The proclamation concludes with a flattering address to the citizen volunteers.

#### Review of Troops to be Held—Skirmish and Killing of an Insurgent General—Rebels Surprised and Shot—Reported Surrender of a Prominent Rebel.

HAVANA, March 22, 1869.

The Captain General will hold a review of all the troops in and around Havana to-morrow.

In a skirmish near Trinidad the rebel General Schmidt was killed. Two more plantations in that jurisdiction have been destroyed by the rebels.

A journal here reports that the towns of Manacagua and Fortrero Gallano were burned by order of Cavada.

The *Prensa* reports that twenty-five insurgents, most of them of high rank in the rebel army, were captured and executed within five leagues of Trinidad but adds that the situation in that quarter is more serious than it has hitherto appeared.

The *Eco* (newspaper) of Matanzas professes to have received intelligence that Florencio Jimenez, a rebel general, has presented himself to the Spanish authorities to receive pardon. He says that other leaders, members of the revolutionary junta at Villa Clara, will follow his example provided their lives be spared and they be guaranteed a safe conduct to some port from which they may sail from the island.

The weather is very hot.

#### Safe Arrival of an American Expedition in Cuba—All the Men Veterans of the Federal and Confederate Armies.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 22, 1869.

The *Daily News* will publish to-morrow a letter announcing the arrival in Cuba of an American expeditionary force in aid of the revolutionists. The force is said to be composed mainly of officers and men who served in the federal and Confederate armies during the late war, and is commanded by General Henningsen, of Nicaragua fame.

#### General Henningsen Not in Cuba—Favorable Account of the Insurgents in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 22, 1869.

The statement from Charleston that General Henningsen is in command of expeditionary forces in Cuba is incorrect, as that gentleman is now in Washington.

Private letters received in Washington represent the cause of the insurgents to be favorable, and consider it out of the power of Spaniards to put down the insurrection. The insurgents maintain themselves in more than one-half of the island, outside of the principal cities, and are increasing in number. The freedmen have their choice either to join the army or work on the plantations for the benefit of the revolutionists for wages, but generally prefer the latter.

#### Havana Commercial and Financial Markets.

HAVANA, March 22, 1869.

The sugar market is buoyant. Sales were made to-day on a basis of 8½ a 9½ reals per arroba for No. 12 Dutch standard. Exchange—On London, 10 a 11 per cent premium; on Paris, 2 a 1½ per cent discount; on the United States, sixty days, in currency, 25 a 24 per cent discount; short sight, 23½ a 22 per cent discount.