

# CUBA.

---

## **Fresh Troops from Spain—The New American Consul General—Disposal of Prisoners—Exchange.**

HAVANA, Dec. 1, 1863.

A Spanish frigate arrived here to-day from Spain, bringing a battalion of troops for service in the island.

H. C. Hall, the newly appointed American Consul General in Havana, to-day took possession of the United States consulate. The merchants of Havana are desirous that the appointment of Mr. Hall be permanent.

A detachment of prisoners were yesterday sent to Spain. Among them were Colonel Udaeta, who surrendered at Bayamo, and Adolfo Moliner, a wealthy planter.

Exchange—On London, 14 a 14½ per cent premium; on Paris, 1¼ a 2 per cent premium; on United States, short sight, in gold, 5 a 6 per cent premium; 60 days' sight, in currency, 16 per cent discount.

## **Resolutions of the South Carolina Legislature—Important Success of the Patriots at Cienfuegos.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1, 1862.

A member of the Cuban Junta, now in this city, to-day received the following despatch, announcing the passage by the South Carolina Legislature of a resolution in favor of belligerent rights and recognition for the Cubans:—

Resolutions passed both branches of the General Assembly. Receive my warmest congratulations.

R. B. ELLIOTT.

A letter was received to-day from Key West, Fla., representing that news had reached there from Cuba announcing that the revolutionists had surprised Cienfuegos, seized a large quantity of provisions, clothing and medicines, and then retired in good order. This is regarded as a sign of the increasing strength and boldness of the Cubans.

## **Captured Spanish Correspondence—Views of Spanish Officers—The Rebellion Not to Be Suppressed—Opinions of Leading Statesmen.**

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1, 1862.

The *Morning Post* will print to-morrow a number of private letters written by Spanish officers in Cuba, which were captured near Cienfuegos and have been forwarded to the State Department. Their authenticity is undoubted. The writers agree that there is no prospect of suppressing the rebellion, and admit that the Cubans will fight to the last. Some of them declare that if the United States recognize Cuba the Spanish troops might as well be withdrawn. Others narrate the most dreadful cruelties of the Spaniards. The *Post* will also publish letters from Benjamin F. Wade, Roscoe Conkling, Simeon Cameron, John Hickman and others in favor of the Cuban cause. Mr. Wade declares that if the republic is afraid to recognize Cuba he shall cease to be proud of being an American citizen, and that this administration holds the destiny of the people and Cuba in its hands. Mr. Cameron promises to use every means to obtain the emancipation of Cuba from the Spanish yoke and hopefully expects to see it speedily realized.