THE CUBAN FIGHT.

ANOTHER EXPEDITION AFLOAT.

Several Hundred Men on the "Alabama"

Bound for Cuba.

LATER NEWS FROM THE HORNET.

Interview with the Spanish Vice-Consul.

Yesterday the United States Marshal emphatically denied the statement that a Cuban his libustering vessel sailed from this City on last

Sunday night. Under ordinary circumstances official contradiction might be garded as correct, considering the large number of fictitious expeditions the heretofore exposed; Marshal has but we have received information from a good and reliable source to the effect that a steamer named the Alabama, Captain Limeburner commanding, departed from this port on Sunday evening last for Cuba, carrying several hundred men and an extensive supply of munitions of the Cuban revolutionary army. Our informant, who is well known as influential friend and warm ally of the Cubans, mentioned (sub rosa) that the vessel was fitted out for her warlike mission in such a manner as to escape the most rigid scrutiny on the part of the Government authorities, as well as the numerous Spanish detectives. Her armament was purchased at various times during the weeks, and was quietly cautiously shipped on board without causing the slightest suspicious of its hosfile character. It consisted of thirteen pieces of heavy ordnance, two thousand Remington rifles and a vast amount of powder and ordnance stores. The fillibusters who took passage on the vessel numbered exactly 513 men, among whom were 169 men belonging to the disastrous White ney Expedition which was seized at Gardiner's Island last Summer. Upward of one hundred of the fillibusters were Cubans, and these were collected at the house of a lady in West Fourthe street on Saturday, the 25th ult., subsequently proceeding from there to the place of embarkation in small and separate squads. The officers of the Alabama obtained a clearance for the vessel from the Custom House by representing that she was chartered to carry laborers to Fernandina, Fla., for the Fiorida Railroad Company. Nothing new transpired concerning the steamer Euterpe yesterday. Workmen were engaged in filling her with a quantity of hay, which she is to carry in a Idition to the Spanish ordnance and ordnance stores. It is believed that she will bu cleared early next week, after which she will immediately start for Havana, sailing under American colors in order to avoid capture by the

response to a question about the Spanish gunboats, the diplomatic official unbesitatingly said the United States Government could not interpose any legal obstacles in the way of the doparture of the vessels, $\Pi \partial$ also opinion that there would not it his any trouble in having the gunboats be cleared from this port at the proper time. scoffed at the idea that they were designed for use against Peru, or any power at peace with this country. He did not recognize the Cuban. revolutionists as having any international rights. In reply to an inquiry about the privateer Hornet he made answer that she was virtually:

a pirate, and liable to seizure from every quarter under the international maritime laws. He said

that the only injury could come would be in at-

tacking and destroying unarmed Spanish mer-

GROUNDLESS SUSPICIONS,

having concealed arms on board, but a thorough

examination of her cargo proved that the report

Further from the "Mornet"-The Vessek

Seen Near Barnegat on Thursday-A.

she

the vicinity of New-York

Thursday evening about

The brig B. F. Nash was recently suspected of

chant vessels.

concerning her was f.

WHAT THE SPANISH VICE-CONSUL SAYS.

ish Consulate yesterday afternoon, and had a conversation with the Vice-Consul, (in

to the Spanish-Cuban difficulty.

absence of the Consul,)

Our reporter visited the office of the Span-

Cuban privateer Hornet.

We have already followed the movements of the alleged privateer *Hornet* from Philadels phia to her last appearance near the Highlands of Nevesink. Still further news of her reached

o'clock she was seen some fifteen miles

eastward of Barnegat by a pilot who returned to this port yesterday. He states that a vessel

us yesterday, which shows that

left

On

Word About Her Commander.

hove in sight of his boat at 4 o'clock in the afteration of the day referred to, and that supposing her to be bound for New-York, he bore down upon and spoke her. Then he discovered her to be the identical steamer which he had seen upon at former occasion off Fire Island, and which had at that time called herself the Prince Albert, or, as she is better known to the readers of the Times, the Hornet. He describes her as being under sail, and with banked fires, evidently saving her coals. She was steering S.S.E.

This later news would seem to corroborate the common opinion that the privateer is waiting off this port for the departure of the Spanish gun-

common opinion that the privateer is waiting off this port for the departure of the Spanish gunboats, and possibly the Euterpe. Her ultimate destination will undoubtedly be the Spanish Main, in the track of Spanish mail boats and transports.

A list of the Hornet's officers was published in yesterday's Times, from which it appeared that they are men who saw service during the Southern rebellion. Captain Higgins was formerly in the United States Navy, but forsook the old flag in the hour of trouble and became an officer in the rebel army. He was taken prisoner in one of the many skirmishes with our

an officer in the rebel army. He was taken prisoner in one of the many skirmishes with our troops, and having given his parole of honor not to take up arms against his country he was set free. As we are informed he was not true to his pledge, but once more joined the ranks of the Confederates, and was at Fort Morgan when Admiral Farragur commenced his memorable attack; but finding the foatune of war against him, Higgins quietly got away from his post and escaped. He will probably have an opportunity to snow his mettle before many days.