NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

Madrid advices report fresh disturbances in Valencia and at La Carolina and Gaudesa, but in Aragon, Andalusia and Catalonia affairs look better for the Government. More troops are catled for in Saragessa, and a movement in the capital is feared. The recent surrender to General Baldrick is officially stated, and Deputies Noquero and Palacies are said to have given in their submission to the Government.

A band of Spanish Republicans is reported to have been defeated on Sunday in the northern part of Catalonia by the regular troops. The insurgents fled into French territory, where they were arrested by the authorities.

Later dispatches report that quiet has been restored in Saragossa, and the capture, at Ibl, of two insurgent leaders, Cabecillo and Carbajal, who were both shot.

General Pierrad, recently arrested at Tarragona, is reported to have escaped from prison.

NAPOLEON is to go to Compiègne to-day, to remain until the 24th instant.

Affairs among the miners of Aveyron, France, are reported quiet, but the strike is still in progress.

An attempt to disperse a public meeting which was being held on Sunday in the arrondissement of Belleville, in France, is said to have occasioned a riot, and before order was restored several of the rioters were wounded.

A large meeting of those interested in the cotton trade was held at Mulhausen, France, on Saturday, to consider the question of supply of the staple from America. The recent commercial treaty, it is reported, was denounced, and the substitution of the customs tariff urged.

The recent Fenian amnesty meeting in Dublin, it is said, adopted an address calling upon the British Government to release the Fenians; otherwise its action would indicate a rlue of terror, and not conciliation.

CUBA.

The case of the privateer Cuba was opened at Wilmington, Del., this morning, but was adjourned until Saturday to allow the Government to produce witnesses. A protest was entered by Edward Higgins, Commodore of the Cuban Navy and commander of the vessel claiming that she had violated no neutrality law, as she was armed upon the high seas, and in all her preparations respect had been shown for the dignity and laws of the United States. In addition to the protest, it was argued by the counsel employed for the Cuba's defence that the civil court had no right to exercise jurisdiction in the case.

The celebration of the Anniversary of the Cuban Declaration of Independence took place yesterday. In the afternoon the Cuban flag was raised in the City Hall Park, and a salute of fifty guns fired, during which a gunner had his arm blown off. In the the evening, a mass inneeting was held at the Cooper Institute, when addresses in English were delivered by Messrs. Duggan, Kent, Sullivan and Leddy, and in Spanish by Señors Lemus, Agramont, Palma and Valiente. A Cuban ladies reunion was also held at No. 139 Second-avenue.