

## FROM CUBA.

New York, Aug. 18.

The steamship City, of Port au Prince brings dates from Port au Prince to the 7th, and Cape Haytien to the 9th of August.

Salnave was still encamped before Aux Cays, and had the place completely surrounded. Its surrender was daily expected. Jacmel has been taken by Salnave's troops without resistance.

The steamers Quaker City and Florida, both flying the Haytien rebel flag, forced the Port au Prince away from Gonaves, to which port she was bound. They refused all communication with her, not even allowing her to take off the American consul.

The City of Port au Prince towed to this port the schooner Jane, bound from St. Domingo to Boston, which she fell in with on the 15th inst., with her helm lashed and drifting about. Her captain and two of the crew had died of yellow-fever, and the remainder of the crew, two men, were in a dying condition, and were unable to throw overboard the bodies of their comrades, which were found on the deck in a state of putrefaction.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.

Letters from Cuba to the 9th give encouraging accounts of the hopes and situation of the revolutionary forces. The recent conscription ordered by De Rodas, at the command of the Volunteer Aguntamento at Havana, it is said, has the effect of largely increasing their forces. The order gives great satisfaction to the Cuban leaders, who report themselves prepared for active field operations. The feeling of discontent and insubordination among the slaves is reported to be increasing, and they are now beyond control. They demand their freedom, and exact from the Spanish Government their liberty, as declared by the Céspedes Government, and, denied this, they are organizing and arming themselves for the purpose of joining the Cuban army.

Several contests have taken place between the negroes and the Spanish troops. The negroes successfully defended themselves, even against superior forces.

General Quesada has had several skirmishes with portions of the forces of Lesca, and reports that his forces have been successful, and have taken a number of prisoners, who are held as prisoners of war, and that desertions and voluntary enlistments from the enemy have greatly increased his force. In a week or ten days he expects to take possession of Nuevitas, and have control of the fortifications of the town on the coast.

Gen. Jordon's army is being gradually reinforced by Cubans conscripted, whose sympathies are with their countrymen. The Spanish forces in his district are inactive, and he is confident that everything is working right for Cuban independence, and in a short time his recruits will be organized and made effective, and that the few positions held by Valmaseda in his department will fall into his hands. Both generals commanding and the President of the Republic of Cuba express the most positive belief that the revolution will be successful, if not by force of arms, by force of circumstances.