

## Important Successes of the Revolutionists.

## Demoralization of the Spanish Army.

## Reign of Brutality and Blood.

HAVANA, June 25.—Gen. Buceta has arrived in Havana. He was booked at Santiago, and on his arrival at Cienfuegos, was only saved from the violence of the volunteers by the intercession of the Governor. He is now concealed in this city and will be compelled to escape by stealth.

The mobilized volunteers garrisoning Matanzas recently, put to death a boy named Robinson, nineteen years of age, a son of a British resident. He was charged with carrying correspondence for the insurgents. Heavy skirmishes have taken place in Cinco Villas District. It is reported that 150 Cubans and 100 Spaniards have been killed in these conflicts.

It is known that large sums of money are forwarded to the United States for the purchase of war material, and to aid the Cuban Juntas in fitting out expeditions.

General Buceta, falsely reported to have been killed by his troops, has gone to New Orleans.

Cholera has broken out in Guantaimo and vicinity. There was several cases in Santiago, and the disease was reported to be raging with great severity in the interior.

About the last of May, schooner Grapeshot landed forty men and a portion of her cargo on the Cuban coast. While the boats were landing men, some of the passengers on board attempted to run the vessel ashore, and a fight took place with the crew and officers, in which the Captain of the Grapeshot received a bullet in the leg. The Grapeshot finally got rid of the whole party, and, without landing all of her cargo of stores, proceeded to Turk's Island, where she received a clearance and arrived on the 4th inst. at Falmouth, Jamaica. There the 155 packages of arms and ammunition remaining on board were seized by the Customs officer, and the Captain abandoned the vessel. The seizure was subsequently declared illegal, and the Captain has sued the Collector of the port and others for damages.

Several filibusters of the party which landed at Baltaguaca were executed at Santiago.

The volunteer forces have, of their own free will, given up the duty of garrisoning Moro Castle and fortress Cabanas, and will be relieved to-morrow by a naval force. They have taken this action to convince the home Government that they had no idea of disobeying orders or of opposing the new Captain General De Rodas.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Important intelligence has been received from the headquarters of the Cuban revolutionists by their friends in this city. Since the battle of Puerto del Padre, there have been but two unimportant engagements, in both of which the Spanish forces were defeated with a loss of fifty killed and wounded. In one, the Cubans captured a provision train. The Cuban army is reported to be in good condition, while that of their opponents is suffering greatly from cholera and congestive fevers. Disease and discontent are proving more destructive to the Spaniards than successful operations in the field could have been. Their commanders find it difficult to maintain any organization. The feud between the regulars and volunteers is growing more intense every day, and all hopes of settlement seem to be at an end. The volunteers have complete control of the commanders, and indiscriminate outrages are being perpetrated at their instigation.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Recent dates from Cuba state that a considerable number of regular Spanish soldiers have deserted to the patriot army. There is also considerable sickness among them. The Republicans received as much or more aid from Mexico and other points in the way of munitions, arms, &c., than have yet been obtained from the United States.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Havana letters of the 19th say that on the 10th several anxious dispatches come to Espinar from generals in the field. They wanted men, and represented their forces in danger. The Spaniards at Puerto Principe and on the road to Nuevitas, suffered heavily from the rebels' attacks.

A correspondent sends the following statement of forces in the field: "Government has 13,000 veterans, 2,700 volunteers, added to 16,800 volunteers garrisoning the principal cities, of which 9,200 are in Havana. The forces of the patriots are 36,000 whites and 19,000 negroes, of which about 26,000 are well armed. This force will undoubtedly increase to some 80,000 whites and negroes in a short time, should they continue to receive arms and ammunition from the States."

Lelona assaulted a camp consisting of families who had abandoned Puerto. The assault was made in the night, and 2,000 persons, old and young men, women and children were butchered.

Gen. Marmol, under date of the 22d, makes a report of certain operations among them. The arrival of the Nine expedition under Jordan with 300 men, mostly Cubans, is also reported, and even a greater amount of arms and munitions than has been reported. There appears little doubt that the larger portion of the filibusters who landed from the schooner Grapeshot, were killed or captured. Twenty-five of them were executed by the Spaniards.

Yellow fever is increasing at Havana, both ashore and on shipboard.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Marshal Barlow positively denies that any expedition left this port, either on Wednesday or Thursday night, and is of opinion that no other expedition has left here except that by the Peril. He has no doubt that cargoes of munitions of war have been taken to Cuba, but as there was no legal proof of their real destination he could not interfere. Per Contra—About 300 Cuban filibusters were quartered in Cooper's Hall, Jersey City, last evening; were supplied with rations; came over to New York in small squads, and have since disappeared. There were 40 or 50 men about the New York headquarters, in Houston street, to-day. Colonels Currier and Michaelovski and Capt. Clancy, who were arrested last night, have been released on bail to answer to indictments found against them. Search is continued for Colonel Ryan, but no clew to his whereabouts has been discovered.

HAVANA, June 25.—An arrival from Carracas, June 8th, brings a report that Port Maracaibo has been closed to commerce, on account, it is supposed, of a local revolution.

Reports of extraordinary mortality from cholera and dysentery in the ranks of the contending armies is fully confirmed. Nothing is known about military movements, but it is supposed all important ones are suspended on both sides.

General Caballoco De Rodas is expected to arrive here next Sunday.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Specials to the Herald, dated Havana, June 23d, via Lake City, 25th, say the Venezuelan Government has closed the port of Maracaibo, because the State authorities had usurped the customs revenues. Ten days grace were allowed vessels loading at the port.

In St. Domingo Generals Cabral and Superon have joined their forces against Baez. The former landed at Azua with a strong force, and proposes to cut off all communication between the capital and interior, when General Superon will blockade the harbor with the steamer 'Telegrafo.'

Colonel U. S. Ashby, who was the leader of General Wade Hampton's scouts in the late rebellion, arrived at Nassau, last Monday, on his way to Cuba.

HAVANA, June 22, via KEY WEST, June 25.—General Puella has been relieved of his command, and has arrived here. He reports that five thousand reinforcements are needed in the Cinco Villas district.

Another expedition of filibusters has landed on the Southern coast. The schooner Labare has been released as a British vessel, and was towed to Jamaica by her captor. Her captain claims one hundred pounds damages for each day of her detention.

Com. Phillamore has gone to Matanzas to investigate the assassination of the English boy. The English consul there regards the outrage as evidence of the inability of the authorities to protect foreigners. Active steps are being taken to defend Matanzas and Cardoza by Spanish cruisers.

Advices of the 16th from Nuevitas report another engagement between Puerto Del Padre and Las Tunas. The Spaniards, 800 strong, under General Terrera, were defeated, lost their convoy, and retreated to Tunas. General Terrera sent for reinforcements, and they had been forwarded.

HAVANA, June 21.—The sugar market is active at 87¢ @ 88½¢ for No. 12 D. S. There is a better feeling in the market, and large speculative inquiry.

HAVANA, June 25.—The sugar market to-day is quiet. Business light. Prices unchanged.