

# CUBA.

## FIGHTING AT MANY POINTS.

HAVANA, March 5.—On Thursday of last week the rebel Brigadier Gen. Aroose was taken prisoner and brought to Sagua, where he was shot on the following Saturday.

The insurgents in the Eastern Department have concentrated forces at Magni. Troops have left Santiago to attack them.

A fight had occurred between the colored volunteers and a band of colored insurgents in the neighborhood of Santiago de Cuba, in which 17 of the latter are reported to have been killed.

The Captain General has recognized Henry G. Sall as Consul of the United States.

Numerous arrests continue.

Three hundred and fifty additional troops have arrived.

It is believed here that General De Koda replaces Count Valmaseda in command of the troops, but does not relieve Dulce as Captain General.

A force of cavalry had gone to Cienfuegos, and a battalion of volunteers is starting for the same place.

There are reports here of the landing of a revolutionary expedition near the mouth of the Sagua La Grande river. The inhabitants of the vicinity sunk the schooner in which they came, to prevent their escape, and troops have been sent in pursuit.

Encounters of troops with insurgents have taken place near Remedios, Sagua La Grande, Villa Clara, Cienfuegos and Trinidad, but the results are not stated.

Laborers are repairing the railroads at such points as are deemed safe from the attacks of the insurgents.

HAVANA, March 6.—The Voce de Cuba to-day publishes an account of the assassination of the sleeping crew of a coaster, in Sangre Chica river, by the insurgents.

Another schooner landed a body of insurgents in the vicinity of Sagua. The citizens sunk the vessel to prevent their escape, and now Government troops are marching against the parties landed.

HAVANA, March 7.—Senor Roberts, Spanish Ambassador to Washington, sailed to-day for New York. There are rumors of serious engagements near Santi Esperiti. No particulars. Nobody has offered to carry political prisoners to Fernando Po. It is reported that Government has ordered the war steamer Oadiz to transport them. The ladies of this city are collecting, and subscriptions of large amounts of money are raised in aid of Voluntas. Smallpox is raging at Constalalicon del Seer.

Advices from Trinidad to Tuesday last report that the state of siege has been raised. Three columns were in constant pursuit of insurgent bands.

Advices from Santiago are to Saturday last. Every Spaniard in the town of Maira had been killed. A column of 850 Government troops, all armed, had gone there.

HAVANA, March 6.—A proclamation dated Nassau, N. P., and signed Jose De Armas, Governor Dulce's commissioner to the insurgents, had recently appeared. It is full of bitter words against the Spanish Government, and against Dulce personally, placing that gentleman in the position of accusing himself of the most contemptible act.

Rodriguez Curia, a companion of Commissioner Armaz, publishes a carta to-day in the Diario, wherein he expresses the belief that the proclamation is a forgery, and saying that if it were genuine the statements are false and his conduct infamous. The clergy have offered the Government one-sixth of their income to defray the expenses of the war against the insurgents. General Dulce is recruiting another regiment of volunteers for active services. Two hundred tons of powder have been found secreted in the house of a Mr. Turay in this city. Late Cienfuegos papers say there is plenty of blockade running into the interior of that place. Information from Porto Principe states that the insurgent General Quesada is ill with smallpox.

HAVANA, March 7.—Later—News received from Hayti is to the effect that President Salnave made his long expected attack on the city of Aux Cayes by sea and land, but met with no success.

After bombarding the city twenty-four hours, with no success, he suddenly sailed away to Porto Principe. His land forces simultaneously assaulted the town, but were repulsed. The rebel President, Siget, has arrived at St. Marys. The rebels have purchased the American steamer Mount Vernon, and intend to make a demonstration against Salnave's fleet. The French Admiral, Reiterales, has made a demand on the Haytien Government for payment of the French debt.

A report comes from St. Domingo that Gen. Luperon has purchased a war steamer at St. Thomas, in which he intends to embark with an expedition to overthrow President Baez.

The rebellion in Southern and Eastern quarters of St. Domingo has not been suppressed, and the rebels there are very active.

It is rumored that President Baez has sent Mr. Fabens to Washington as Special Commissioner to treat for annexation to the United States. The project is extremely unpopular in St. Domingo.