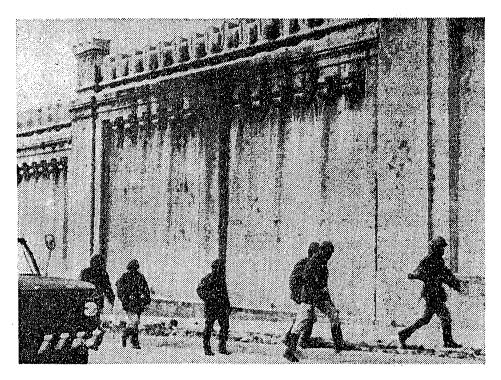
Tupamaros Tunnel to Uruguay Prison and Free 111 *New York Times (1857-Current file);* Sep 7, 1971; ProQuest Historical Newspapers The New York Times (1851 - 2005) pg. 10



United Press International AFTER URUGUAYAN GUERRILLAS ESCAPED: Army troops arrive at Punta Carretas jail near Montevideo after more than 100 Marxist Tupamaro prisoners tunneled to freedom.

Tupamaros Tunnel to Uruguay Prison and Free 111

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Sept. 6 (AP)-Members of the Tupamaro guerrilla organization freed 111 prisoners from a maximum security penitentiary to-

Once clear of the prison, the 111 disappeared, possibly in automobiles or a bus, sources reported. The sources said that among the prisoners were all the important leaders of the Marxist urban guerrilla organization, including one of its founders, Raul Sendic, who had been arrested a year ago.

The break was made, the sources said, through a 40-foot tunnel dug from a house across the street from the prison into

a prison cell. It was the second major prison break in less than two months engineered by the guer-rillas, who have kidnaped foreigners and Uruguayans alike in a campaign against the Govern-ment. Last summer, the guer-rillers killed a United States police adviser, Dan A. Mitrione, of Indianapolis, and released an American agriculture expert, Claude L. Fly, of Fort Collins,

Colo., after 208 days.

The Tupamaros still are holding six persons, including the British Ambassador, Geoffrey Jackson. Mr. Jackson will have spent eight months in captivity by Wednesday.

The Government said that

106 of the men who fled today were Tupamaros and that the five others were common criminals. Before the break, there were 500 prisoners in the Punta Carretas federal prison, on the

outskirts of Montevideo. On July 17, 39 Tupamaro women escaped from the women's jail in Montevideo through a tunnel that led from a cell to the city's sewers.

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