

CIVIL WAR ON THE BORDER.

LATEST NEWS FROM KANSAS.

Lane in the Territory with an army and artillery—War begun in earnest—Several lives lost—Houses burned—The Territory in arms—Intense excitement.

Through the attention of Richardson's Missouri Express, we received, last night, the Leavenworth Journal, of Sunday, which is filled with news of fearful import. We give the whole, as we find it:—**To Arms! To Arms!**—Robinson and Brown Rescued—The Enemy is upon us—Lecompton in the hands of Lane—U. S. Troops turned Traitors—Capt. Sedwick's Company Surrender without firing a gun—The Governor's House in Ruins—Gov. Shannon a Fugitive—Women and Children driven at the point of the bayonet to seek shelter in the Woods—Col. Titus and his men prisoners—His House in Ruins—General Clark's House Burned.

Citizens! to Arms!! Our Country is invaded! and hired minions are massacring our people in all parts! No quarter is given! Neither age or sex is exempt from the merciless savages who are laying waste our Territory.

Expresses arrive hourly, bringing additional news of fresh outrages perpetrated by these Abolition miscreants.

Women and children are arriving hourly from the interior. Our houses are full, and every endeavor is made to make them comfortable. Col. Payne has issued a call for the assembling to-morrow (Sunday,) at 8 o'clock, of the Fourth Regiment Kansas Militia. New companies are being enrolled, and by to-morrow evening 500 men will be en route to the seat of war.

Now that the Government troops have turned **TRAITORS!** and **COWARDS!** we are forced to act for ourselves. Let us, then, be up and doing. Let there be an universal uprising of the Law and Order Party. Let no quarter be given, but let the entire abolition horde be swept from the Territory.

We trust that our patrons will excuse the scarcity of matter, in this week's issue. We are compelled to put the paper to press on Sunday instead of Wednesday, as the office *en masse* leave for the seat of war immediately.

We will not be able to get the paper out the coming week, but just as soon as the war is ended, the Journal will be issued regularly.

The Bloody Issue Begun!! Up, Sovereigns!! To your Duty!! Patience has ceased to be a virtue!!

An express from Lecompton has just arrived, bringing intelligence of the attack on Franklin by Lane's men, the sacking of the town, robbery of the mail, and destruction of the Post Office.

The attack was made on the town late in the evening, on Tuesday, by upwards of a hundred and fifty men. They attacked Judge Fain, and shot him in the shoulder.

They next attacked the Post Office, and after robbing it of its entire contents and completely gutting and setting fire to the house, treated in the most dastardly manner the Post Master and his family—Mr. Crain's energies as a justice of peace being the cause of the unheard of atrocities perpetrated upon him.

After ransacking the houses, the invaders condemned them to the flames, but, after a parley, agreed to spare them if they (the citizens) would agree to leave the Territory in 24 hours, never to return. All the arms, private and public, muskets and cannon, were taken by them. An attack upon Lecompton is hourly expected.

Now that the issue, bloody though it may be, is forced upon us, let us be up and a doing. Let no quarter be given, but war to the extermination of the miscreants be the motto.

Let us begin at home! Let Leavenworth be cleansed of these traitorous lopers! Let not one traitor remain to "Give aid to the enemy!! Let no quarter be given!!!

LATER.—War! War!! War!!! An express rider has just arrived from Lecompton, which place he left last night, bringing the following news:—

Lecompton, Aug. 15, 2 o'clock, P. M.—Captain Treadwell's company of 40 men, are surrounded by 355 abolitionists, who swear that no quarter shall be given. Capt. Treadwell's men are in a log building, and have so far held out manfully.—They managed to get a woman to carry a message to Gov. Shannon, asking for aid. Gov. Shannon immediately called upon the U. S. forces, who refused to act.

The whole country is overrun by Lane's marauders. The express rider met 45 of Walker's men drilling, at his house. Six of Lane's spies were captured at Lecompton, who state that their orders are to spare none, but to exterminate the pro-slavery party. On the arrival of the news of the surrounding of Capt. Treadwell's company at Lecompton, Col. Titus, and twenty men, started to his assistance, since which time nothing has been heard.

Now that the issue has been forced upon us, let us be up and doing. Let no quarter be given, but let the laws be enforced, and drive these "Hessians" from our soil.

LATER.

More-Outrages!—Col Titus Murdered!—Nine Hundred Abolitionists, with Five Pieces of Artillery at Lecompton.—The City Surrounded!

Mr. Rodrigue, Express, has just arrived, bringing intelligence of the attack on Colonel Titus's house, and the probable murder of the entire party. There were thirty men in the house, and as it was surrounded by at least four hundred, there is no possibility of the escape of a single man.

Another portion of the Abolition forces attacked the House of G. W. Clark, Indian Agent. About two hours after the destruction of Col. Titus' House, and while the Express was leaving, the roar of the cannon was distinctly heard. Lane is in the field. Andrew Proston, Esq, wounded. Mr. Sistorro killed. Mr. Cweos killed; editor Southern Advocate, killed. Lecompton is hourly expected to be attacked.

Up citizens of Kansas and come to the rescue. All the women and children of Lecompton are driven from the city and are now coming to this city. **Action! Action!! Action!!!**

STILL LATER.

SATURDAY NIGHT, 12 o'clock.

To all true Pro-Slavery Men in Missouri:

Gen. Clark, agent of the Potawatamies, with his family, brings the news as stated by himself, herewith enclosed.

An army of Lane's men have demolished Franklin. Six to eight hundred men strong attacked Col. Titus near Lecompton, who had about thirty men; battered down his house with cannon, his family having just left, killed a number of his men and took him and the balance prisoners.

They attacked the guard of the U. States troops who had in charge Robinson and the other prisoners, who surrendered, not firing a gun, and are now in the hands of Lane's men. It is impossible to state in a letter all the outrages committed by these marauders.

We have had five expresses from different parts of the Territory since this morning from Iowa Point to Lecompton.

They are driving all the Pro-Slavery men out of Douglas county, and destroying their property. The fugitives are arriving every hour.

We call upon our friends in Missouri, in the name of humanity to assist us; to come to the rescue, with men, and provisions to support them. We have determined to clean the Territory, or fall in the attempt. We send expresses to-night to St. Joseph, Liberty, Platte City, and to Westport. To arms! at once, and come to the rescue. We are all under arms here to-night, and will be ready to-morrow.

E. C. McCARTY,
President Law and Order Party.

G. W. CLARK.

About 10 o'clock on the morning of the 15th inst., a party of eighteen P. S. men were surrounded by Gen Lane's whole army, 300 strong, and cut their way through with the loss of two men killed and ten wounded. The same men, about 100 or 200 abolitionists, surrounded Col. Titus' house, having with them a piece of cannon; after an hour's defence, and when most of his men were killed, Titus surrendered. It is feared that as he was not summoned to surrender that he was executed on the spot. Gen. Clark escaped with his family across the river before Lane's army reached that point, and are now at Col. McCarty's in this city. Gov. Shannon and nearly all the citizens of Lecompton escaped. Lieut. Woodson, being forced up in the house with his family, were taken. Woodson is a prisoner and his house burned down.

A fight took place on the 14th, near Osawattamie, between 200 Abolitionists and 12 Pro-Slavery men who were forced up. Fourteen Abolitions were killed, and sixteen wounded. The Abolitionists repulsed. *Lecompton is to be destroyed to-night.*

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The assailing parties ordered all the inhabitants of Franklin to leave, threatening to kill them if they did not. It was expected that an attack would be made on Lecompton the following night. In these outrages it is apparent that the tools of the Black Republican party began them; and it is equally apparent that they were dictated by the Black Republicans of the North, who found that the work of agitation was dying out for want of exciting materials. Hence the risk of the lives of parties on both sides, and with a full knowledge that it would be productive of general civil war in the Territory, they have chosen their course. It will be time enough, when full details are received, to comment on this conduct as it deserves, but in the eyes of the nation it will be visited with the severest condemnation.

The Lecompton Journal, of the 9th, takes the following notice of recent occurrences in that quarter.

We learn that the outlaws are again at work, carrying on their villainies to a great extent. Peace, they have determined, shall not be in Kansas.

At Hickory Point they made an attempt to drive off the law and order settlers, but they found that their metal was not of the right kind to succeed.

One night last week a party of the scoundrels made another descent upon the town of St. Bernard, broke open the post office, put the postmaster out of the house, and then destroyed numerous letters and papers belonging to the office.

Last week the outlaws of Lawrence held a meeting, and resolved not to let the County Assessor make any assessments in that place, and threatening him with personal violence if he attempted it.

STILL FURTHER FROM KANSAS.

A force of two hundred men is reported to have marched from Lawrence against the Pro-Slavery camp on Washington creek. The latter force retreated to a block house at Lecompton, where they fortified themselves. Heavy firing was heard from that direction, and a sanguinary conflict is supposed to have taken place.

A most intense feeling prevails throughout the river towns, and large numbers are volunteering to aid the Governor of Kansas.

Five thousand dollars were contributed at Boonville for the relief of the pro-slavery men in the territory.

The reports indicate that a bloody conflict is daily and hourly expected between the two parties. *From The St. Louis Republican (Border-Ruffian,) Aug. 15*

JANE'S REGIMENT IN TOPEKA.

The steamer Genoa arrived at this port yesterday from the Missouri River. To the clerk of the boat Mr. Wilcox, we are indebted for an extra from the office of The Border-Ruffian, published at Westport, and dated Aug. 13, 11 P. M., from which we derive the following news, brought to Westport by Mr. H. W. Jones:—

On the night of the 12th, about 12 o'clock, some two hundred Abolitionists attacked the town of Franklin, K. T., the Pro-Slavery party there numbering about twenty. The fight is said to have lasted four hours. Four Pro-Slavery men were badly wounded—and six Abolitionists were killed. Mr. Crane's house was robbed and set on fire, but the flames were extinguished.

Mrs. Crane was knocked down by one of the assailing party. The Post Office was robbed of about \$50, and set on fire. The assailants captured the large cannon belonging to the Pro-Slavery party in Franklin, with which, it is said, they can now attack Lecompton or Westport. Mr. Crane's houses were riddled by balls. After doing all the mischief they could the assailants retired.

Next morning about 100 United States soldiers occupied the town, but the enemy were not to be found.

So far the Extra. We learn from the officers of the boat that just as they were leaving the landing at Kansas, an express arrived from Westport, who stated that the total loss of the Free State marauders, in the attack on Franklin, was 17 killed and wounded.

From the same source we learn, that Lane's regiment of men, to the number of 300, had entered Topeka, Governor Geary, who is expected here today or to-morrow, will have something to do on his arrival in the Territory, if General Smith has not already dispersed these men.

The extra also says: "Yesterday, a Mr. Williams (who is well known in this place,) a Pro-Slavery man, residing near St. Bernard, K. T., was shot by an Abolitionist, who sneaked up on him, in Indian fashion, while he was mauling rails on his claim. Drs. Earle and Morris went to see him this morning. He has seven buck-shot in his body. He is probably dead now."