



month to Westport the 31st. They will probably not spend more than one week in investigating the Kansas difficulties. They will leave as early as the 2nd for Washington.

### UNITED STATES TROOPS STATIONED AT TOPEKA AND LAWRENCE—WAR—PRO-SLAVERY MEN ORDERED TO LEAVE, ETC.

Extract of The Missouri Democrat.

TOPEKA HOUSE, TOPEKA, }  
Wednesday, May 24, 1856. }

Forty five United States Dragoons are encamped in the vicinity, to assist the bogus Sheriff in the serving of writs, and to execute Douglas's threat to "subdue" the people of Kansas. One hundred and sixty troops are stationed in Lawrence for the same purpose.

#### KIDNAP.

Yesterday a man named Mann was shot through the head by a man with whom a difficulty had occurred on some personal matter—both Pro-Slavery men.

#### WAR.

It is currently reported in this vicinity, from good authority, that for several days a party of Col. Baile's men were encamped near Osawatomie, 43 miles south of Lawrence, committing many depredations upon the property of the settlers, who at last becoming enraged made an attack upon the camp, killed five of the soldiers and drove the remainder into Missouri.

#### PRO-SLAVERY MEN ORDERED TO LEAVE.

The Pro-Slavery men in that vicinity, who have justified themselves with the troubles in Kansas, have been warned upon by a Committee, and ordered to pack up and move into Missouri with their goods and chattels, &c. The commands have been complied with, and many families have left. The greatest excitement prevails in that portion of Kansas.

#### THE TROOPS ORDERED TO DISPERSE THE MOB.

Gov. Shannon has ordered a detachment off to Osawatomie to disperse the crowd. On the arrival of the dragoons there they found a small camp of the settlers, and informed them of the object of their visit, and commanded them to disperse, in obedience to the commands of Shannon. The settlers quietly dispersed without any resistance whatever.

If Kansas, by order of the Administration, is to become the "dark and bloody ground," it will soon be found that one party can stand as well as the other, and the war will become general. Much as the people deplore such a state of affairs, they will carry it out, if necessary, to vindicate their rights, and to insure the protection of their lives.

I am about leaving for Leavenworth City.

Yours, in haste,

9.

### VOLUNTEERS FOR KANSAS.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: I wish, through the columns of your paper, to make a call on all lovers of the liberties of our country who are young men, and willing to prove (by going to Kansas and fighting against worse tyranny than our forefathers opposed) that they are cast in the mould and of the material of which God forms heroes. My blood has been at the boiling point for several days, and unless I can do something to roll back the mantle of obliquity and shame which the minions of Peace, so rightly named Border Ruffians, have already cast upon the once fair consciousness of our nation's fame, I shall go down to the grave with the feelings of one who has proved himself recreant to the trust which the framers of nations has given to all siles. My father died when I was but ten, and the only political legacy he left to me was an unyielding love for Freedom and an eternal hatred to Slavery in every form. The legacy has lain at interest until now. I am willing and determined to use it in behalf of the Freedom for which some of my ancestors died. Now, I want to go to Kansas, and I would invite all who are willing either to go there with me, or to cooperate in aiding us to get off, to either call on me at No 73 Beekman street, or leave a note at THE TRIBUNE Office.

Yours for a Free State of Kansas,

New York, June 3, 1856.

T. J. EVERTS.