nterest Felt in the McLave Treaty-Condition of Affairs in Northern Mexico-English Intervention-Cost of Living.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

Tubac, A. T., Monday, May 28, 1860.

This country is much interested in the passage, or rather the ratification, of the McLane Treaty. Right of way through the State of Sonora will be the making of this almost barren waste, only to be made valuable when its m neral wealth is developed. It is quite probable Pesquiera, the present liberal Governor

making of this almost barren waste, only to be made valuable when its m neral wealth is developed. It is quite probable Prsquirea, the present liberal Governor of Sonoia, will oppose carrying it out. Although he is of or in the Juarez interest, he is much inclined to set up on his own account. I have no doubt, however, that the presence of 2,000 troops on this frontier will be an inducement for him to not interfere with its provisions.

It seems that the Liberalists have almost the entire Pacific coast. Much anxiety is expressed in Sonora and Sinaloa as to the truth or the extent of the proposed intervention of the English, French and United States Governments in the affairs of our unfortunate neighbor; one thing must be done, either we must do something or other nations will,—nothing else will ever put a stop to the civil wars that are destroying the country. A letter from a distinguished resident of Sonora says: "We require now absolutely some intervention in the affairs upon a liberal and just basis. It could but produce beneficial results; in fact 'tis the only means of concluding this disastrous civil war, which stul continues with the same decided and earnest action on both sides as when commenced."

Colema is in the nands of the Liberals, as in Tepic

then much of his prestige has been lost by this foolish and foolhardy act.

It appears that the Juarez Government has made serious complaints against Col. Rojas, who commanded at Tepic. It is said he has been reduced to destitution. After capturing Tepic ne was intending to march on San Blas, where many families had taken refuge, and it was feared he would have commined all manner of excesses. The English landed a battery at San Blas, and were prepared to land 300 men. This looks to us here as though there was something in the intervention of the three Powers, and that at

and Guadalajara. In these places much feeling hasexisted against the Juarez Government and the Mc Lane treaty, and there was a natural tendency in favor of Miramon; it has greatly subsided since the useless bombardment of Vera Cruz by Miramon; since

least the English were determined hostilities should stop.

We, who have suffered from Apache depredations, are rejoiced that at last troops are on their way for our protection. With sixteen hundred troops here, a new impetus will be given to business, and a large demand made for all the surplies that can be raised either in this Territory or Sonora. It is said that Gov. Prequiera intends to stop exportation. I hardly think, however, that he will be guilty of such an out-

demand made for all the surplies that can be raised either in this Territory or Sonora. It is said that Gov. Pasquiran intends to stop exportation. I hardly think, however, that he will be guilty of such an outrage on his people, as they have no other market but this.

The country is almost bare of me chandise of all kinds. We learn, however, that large snipments are on the way and that we shall soon be supplied. The

kinds. We learn, however, that large snipments are on the way, and that we shall soon be supplied. The prices of the products of the country have almost doubled within two years, while imported supplies have fallen off equally as much.

The prices are about as follows:

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The prices are about as fol	iows:	
	1855.	1860.
Flour, 🕏 b	5c.	yc.
Bcei, 智 to	4c.	8c.
Sacon, & b	50c.	30c.
Suger, & 15	50c.	39c.
Coffee, & b	6000	35c.
Oxen, each	\$12	\$25

Mutes each....\$30 \$60

Marer, each....\$10@\$20 \$39@\$60

Horses, each...\$20@\$40 \$30@\$100

The confirmation of the treaty will materially change these prices, lessening the cost of living from one-third to one-balf, enabling us to work mines now

one-third to one-half, enabling us to work mines now of no value, and give us the comforts of life.

The efficies of the army are actively engaged in preparing for the troops now on the way. But one or

preparing for the troops now on the way. But one or two of the locations for posts are decided upon; it is thought however, that a two or four company post will be located on each of the thorougafares from Sonora, one near the mines of the Sonora Mining Company at Arivaca, and one near the Patagonia mines. Each of these places is desirable.

B.