

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

Affairs in Colombia, Peru and Bolivia—Cuba Recognized by Colombia—Church Robbery in Panama—Prospects of a War Be- tween Peru and Bolivia.

The steamship Alaska, from Aspinwall April 19, arrived in this port yesterday. Her treasure list foots up the sum of \$53,585. The news is meagre from both Central and South America. The only feature of importance is the prospect of a war between Peru and Bolivia. The following is a synopsis of the news:—

COLOMBIA.

The subject of allowing General Mosquera to return home from exile is again before Congress. The General refuses to return unless his pension of \$12,000 per annum is allowed him. This has not been granted, so if the General keeps his word he will still remain absent. The bill recognizing the belligerent rights of the Cubans has passed a third reading. United States Consul Weir, at Panama, has got himself into trouble. He had a dispute with the Postmaster regarding the delivery of mails for the American Consulate, when, it is alleged, he struck the Postmaster a blow in the face. A short time after the outrage was committed he was arrested by the authorities and sent to Payta in irons. The cathedral of Panama was entered by burglars on the night of the 17th and valuables to the amount of \$3,000 was stolen from the altar.

Things look stormy in this republic. The prospects are that a war between Bolivia and Peru will shortly be inaugurated. Troops are being sent to occupy positions on the Bolivian frontier. The cause of all this arises from repeated acts of Bolivian commanders invading Peruvian territory and committing outrages thereon. The matter has been laid before the government of Bolivia, but no redress has, so far, been given. General Antasana, the Bolivian commander, was charged some time since by his government to exterminate certain rebels, should he find them; but not being successful within the confines of his own country he crossed over to Peruvian soil, and there commenced an indiscriminate slaughter of Peruvian Indians, after which he burned their homes and retired. This is judged sufficient cause for the present warlike movement of Peru, and President Balta is determined to push matters to their farthest limit, unless Bolivia makes redress for the acts of her soldiers.

BOLIVIA.

President Margarejo, of Bolivia, is in a very precarious state of health, and considerable anxiety is felt for his recovery. It is thought that his death would be the signal for a number of ambitious demagogues to rise and endeavor to fill his place by plunging the country into revolution. Taken altogether the situation in Bolivia is not cheering.