

WASHINGTON.

Resignation of Attorney-General Hoar and its Acceptance.

Continuation of the Debate on the Cuban Question in the House.

The Free Coal Bill Reported and Recommitted.

Passage of Gen. Garfield's Currency Bill in an Amended Form.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Attorney-General HOAR today placed his resignation in the hands of the President, to take effect on the appointment of his successor. It was immediately accepted. It is proper to say that this action of Judge HOAR was entirely voluntary on his part, and in pursuance of an intention formed some months ago. He will leave the city on Friday for a few days' absence, but will return and continue to perform his official duties until his successor qualifies. Who his successor will be is, apparently, undetermined. No other change in the Cabinet is deemed probable at present.

THE CUBAN DEBATE.

The great Cuban debate ended today in the defeat of Gen. BANKS and his adherents. Though the final vote is not yet taken the result is assured, and the action of the House will sustain the position of the President. The debate was opened, today, by FERNANDO WOOD in favor of the majority report. He was followed by Mr. WILLARD, in an able speech on the other side, one of the most noticeable features of which was, the vigorous manner in which he defended the right of the President, and the propriety and good taste in his judgment to send a message to Congress on so important a subject at any time, especially when the fact was considered that Cuban advocates and Ex-Confederate Generals were permitted on the floor of the House to appeal personally to members in behalf of their cause. Mr. JUDD then obtained the floor, but yielded half an hour to Gen. BUTLER, who made a strong and characteristic speech against the report. He was followed by Gen. LOGAN, to whom Mr. JUDD yielded the balance of his time, and who made a speech that, to say the least, was most extraordinary. The first ten minutes was devoted to BUTLER, and it was the roughest assault ever made upon that gentleman in the House. The rest of it was a characteristic advocacy of the Cuban cause, abounding in exuberant rhetoric, elaborate and never-ending sentences, highly-wrought illustrations and extreme views, in which the President and his position were not overlooked. Gen. BANKS then rose to close the debate, but had not proceeded far when his voice failed him, and he said he would be obliged to call for the vote. Mr. BINGHAM then moved to reconsider the vote whereby the main question was ordered, so that he could get in his substitute, which is simply the third resolution of the minority report, authorizing the President to protest against the manner in which Spain is conducting the war. Mr. COX moved to lay this motion on the table, which was first lost on tellers by six majority, and then on yeas and nays by thirteen majority. After considerable confusion and some delay, the motion to reconsider was carried by 18 majority, yeas 88, nays 70, and thus the case fell under the management of Judge BINGHAM, who immediately offered his substitute, on which the previous question was seconded, whereupon the House adjourned. As it stands now, the final vote will be taken to-morrow, immediately after the reading of the journal. The first vote will be on Mr. LOGAN'S amendment to the majority report, which is, in substance, to put Cuba on the same ground in respect to intercourse and trade that Spain now occupies. The next vote will be on Judge BINGHAM'S substitute for both the majority and minority reports, and it will doubtless be agreed to.