

## Filibustering from New York and other United States Ports.

The New York World seems to have stolen a march upon its cotemporaries in the matter of information upon the subject of the filibustering expeditions from New York for Cuba, and although the accuracy of its information has been rigorously disputed, yet the probabilities of its general accuracy increase. The World of the 7th says that five vessels have already left New York for Cuba, as follows :

First vessel, commanded by Colonel J. B. Johnson, carried 555 men.

Second vessel, commanded by Frank B. Spinola (not the General F. B. Spinola, of Brooklyn) 300 men.

Third vessel, name of officer in command withheld, 634 men.

Fourth vessel, commanded by General French, 580.

Fifth vessel (the Arago), commanded by General Thomas Jordan, formerly Chief of Beauregard's staff, 420 men and 84 officers of all ranks. Of this number of officers, four belonged to the French army, on leave of absence in this city, and no one hindering, they took French leave Cuba. There were also seven English officers of high rank, who were in the batch of 84.

The Arago also took out of arms, ammunitions and supplies: 10,000 stand of arms; 6,000,000 rounds of fixed ammunition; 12 six-pounders; 6 twelve-pounders; 2000 saddles; 2000 bridles. Besides these articles of contraband, there were carriages for the guns, lots of pork and beef, medical stores, crackers, and a large quantity of rum to cheer the patriots.

THE SAME PAPER SAYS :

Within the last thirty-three days we have positive information that 9000 men have left the cities of Charleston, Baltimore, and New Orleans for points adjacent to the Cuban coast and for the Island itself. Twenty-five hundred have left the city of New York, and five hundred more are now, while this is being written, waiting to get off. It is not possible, however, for this batch to get off now, that the authorities have been so effectually alarmed. It is expected that a force of 25,000 men will, in a few weeks be placed under the command of General Jordan, who has the command of the entire Cuban army at present, unless that he is unfortunate enough to be captured by Spanish war-vessels during the next six days. The Arago will certainly either have landed her troops within the next six days or else they will be captured by the Spanish or American war-vessels. It is expected that 10,000 men will be conveyed from Mexico and the West India Islands to a port contiguous to the island of Cuba, and here they will be reinforced and armed with the arms now on board of the Arago. Jordan, if not captured, will be in command of 25,000 good troops in ten days. The Cuban Committee in this city, which has furnished the \$385,000 in gold which equipped the Arago, and of which Senor Alfars is a leading member, has now in the treasury \$900,000 to \$1,000,000 in gold, and several wealthy Cubans have volunteered their fortunes in the cause.

STILL LATER—TROOPS LANDED.—As we are about to go to press, a private dispatch has arrived from New Orleans, stating that the blockade runners Peru and Lillian, engaged in carrying filibusters from New Orleans to some point contiguous to the Cuban coast, have landed at the island of Grand Inoqua, in the Gulf, some twelve hours by steam from the Florida Keys, and the filibusters have gone into quarters, and are waiting for reinforcements. This is most important news, and entirely confirmatory of the general plans of operations which appear in this morning's World. At last it looks as if there was to be some fighting in Cuba, and soon we may expect thunder all around the sky.

If this report be true, one may very reasonably predict the success of the Cuban revolution, and at the same time it puts the American Government in a very unfavorable moral attitude to exact any stringent concessions from the British Government on the score of violations of neutrality obligations.