WEST INDIES.

Captain-General DULCE issued a proclamation on Sunday to the people of Havana, in which he alludes to the events of the previous day, and insists that his promises to maintain order are redeemed. The Government had already sent away those who were endeavoring to disturb the country. He concludes with a flattering address to the volunteers. Private letters re-

A review of all the Spanish troops at Havana will take place to-day. In a skirmish near Trinidad, the insurgent General SCHMIDT was killed. Two more plantations had been destroyed by the insurgents in that jurisdiction. A report prevailed yesterday in Havana that the towns of

ceived at Washington represent the insurgent cause as probably successful in the end.

Manuacaragua and Portrero-Gallano had been destroyed by order of CAVADA. Seventy-five insurgent prisoners had been executed near Trini-

surgent prisoners had been executed near Triniidad, and the situation there was represented as serious.

There was an appearance of tranquillity in St. Domingo, but arrests and executions continue to be of frequent occurrence. In the eastern part of the country the insurgents were so trou-

blesome that martial law had been declared in the Province of Seibe. The special Commission-

er of the Dominician Government, now en route for Washington, has instructions to rent the Bay of Samana to the United States.

Dates from St. Thomas are to the 16th inst. The schooner Susan, of New-York, for Cadiz, had put in there leaking. The British brig Sisters and bark Rapid had been totally wrecked. The former had four of her erew drowned. At the request of the Captain-General of Porto Rico the Danish authorities had banished Dr. Betances, of

Mayaguez, on suspicion of having assisted in organizing an expedition against the Spanish colonies. The doctor had refused to go on the ground of being an American ettzen, and the affair caused considerable excitement.

Hayti advices are to the 11th. President Salnave's pickets were besieging Jacmel, and the transcents had compressed the sales of Goneiros.

insurgents had commenced the seige of Gonaives with prospects of good success. Salnave had arrested 200 merchants and others, and drafted them into the Gonaives garrison. A change had occurred in the Ministry. A treaty had been concluded with France by which the latter was to receive 12 per cent. of the revenues to pay off her claims. Vessels are allowed to enter all the

ports and discharge and load merchandise under

cartain conditions.