

The War in Cuba—The Troops at Cienfuegos—Another Battle—Emigration—Shipping, Markets, &c.

HAVANA, Feb. 27.—It is reported the insurgents lingering in the vicinity of Santiago de Cuba have again cut the aqueduct, causing much inconvenience. Official information has been received that General Lesca, strongly reinforced, is pushing his way into the interior from La Guanaja. The insurgents were stationed in force on the road near Magarabomba. It was expected the troops would soon attack them.

Gen. Puello has arrived at Cienfuegos with reinforcements. The troops will be divided into three detachments; one, under Puello, will go to Santo Espirita; one, under Letona, to Villa Clara, and the remaining division, under Paez, will march to Sierra Morena Macagna.

An engagement had taken place between the troops and insurgents at Coloma de San Domingo, in the province of Sagua la Grande. Many were killed on both sides. The result of the battle is not known. Reports from Cuban sources say a fight occurred between the rebel forces under Gen. Querado and the army of Gen. Deeca, on the road from La Guanaja, and assert that the government troops were routed.

Emigration of Cubans is undiminished. Every steamer that leaves is crowded with passengers. Additional supplies of troops are needed to occupy the whole island and drive out the insurgents. The troops now here can do no more than hold their own. Meantime, people in the country are suffering all kinds of privation and distress, and their complaints are heartrending. Thousands are leaving their homes and seeking refuge in the cities.

THE STEAMER CUBA.

HAVANA, February 27.—Sailed, steamer Cuba, for Baltimore.

HAVANA MARKETS.

HAVANA, February 27.—Sugar closed flat, and declining. Buyers demand a reduction. Market opened firm, but fell at close. Nos. 10 and 12 D. S. declined to 9½ and 10½ reals; Nos. 15 to 20 fell to 10½ and 11½ reals. Anticipated advices from Europe will lead to a further decline. The stock in the warehouses at present, at Havana and Matanzas, is 137,000 boxes and 12,000 hogsheads—Muscovado Sugars buoyant; fair to good refining 9½ and 10 reals; grocery grades firm at 10½ and 11 reals. Molasses buoyant, clayed 5½ and 6 reals; Muscovado or common 6 and 7. Lard buoyant, 21½ and 26 cents.—Flour active, 11 and 12. Tallow flat; 9 cents. Bacon advancing; 20 cents. Honey buoyant; 4 reals. Wax dull and heavy. Petroleum buoyant, 4½ and 5½ reals. Potatoes quiet, 2 5½ and 3. Hams advancing; salted 21 cents, sugar cured 23. Lumber declining; market supplied; yellow pine \$17; white 16 and 17 per M. Empty hogsheads dull at \$2 87½. Hoops—Market supplied; long 35, short \$45. Naval Stores steady. Freights advancing; vessels in demand for the United States. Sugar to Southern ports per hogshead, \$4; per box to Northern and Southern ports, \$2 25. Molasses per hogshead to Northern ports, \$5 50, to Southern ports, \$1 75. Exchange nominal.

FROM ST. DOMINGO.

HAVANA, February 27.—San Domingo advices to the 20th are received. The negotiation for a loan with British capitalists was a failure, the security offered not being satisfactory. The question of annexation to the United States was exciting considerable interest. President Baez had instructed General Fabens to confer with the government of the United States on the policy of creating a free, neutral centre of commerce in San Domingo. Coffee and sugar crops are short, but the tobacco crop shows an increase.

HAVANA, Feb. 27.—(Special to the New York Herald.)—The night patrols of the city have been discontinued. Many troops are going into the interior. Intelligence from Neuvas to Thursday last states that on Sunday night, the 21st instant, the doors of all residences in that city occupied by Cubans were marked by a black cross on a placard with the words, "The time for clemency is ended! Vengeance!" Great excitement was caused, and the strenuous efforts of a few prominent Spaniards alone prevented an outbreak.

A foraging expedition from the besieged garrison of Puerto Principe a few days since burned the Scaldiwas estate. On their return they were attacked by the Cuban forces and compelled to retreat to Puerto Principe, with a loss of forty killed and a large number wounded. Four thousand refugees from the country are represented to be at Gibara. There was great dearth of provisions, and an epidemic was feared.

LATER FROM CUBA.

RUMORS FROM THE UNITED STATES—SUGAR SPECULATION, ETC.

HAVANA, February 28.—Rumors are in circulation in the city to-day that expeditions from the American shore in aid of the 'insurrection' have landed near Remedios and Guedrillas. Fifteen hundred soldiers have left for the central department.

Some Cubans declare their belief that as soon as Gen. Grant is inaugurated President he will recognize the belligerent rights of the revolutionary government in Cuba. Cuban accounts contradict the government dispatches reporting a triumphant advance from Laguanaja.

Mr. Hall, the efficient consul of the United States, will assume the functions of Consul General at Havana.

Speculators in sugar show a disposition to withdraw from the market. They fear a reaction in consequence of indications yesterday of a heavy decline.

New York, Feb. 28.—A Herald special from Havana the 27th says: "A steamer which sailed to-day for Cadiz took many Spaniards as passengers, and some prisoners of State. Several insurgents in the interior who gave themselves up in the hope of securing the benefits of the amnesty proclamation, are reported to have been taken out of prison by the military and shot at Santiago."